

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Identity

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM),

Other means of identification

HGL, DC, HGH, Sealed Lead Acid Battery Valve,
Regulated Lead Acid Battery, Non-Spillable Lead Acid
Battery

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Lead acid storage battery / electric storage battery.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name

Surette Battery Company Limited
P.O. Box 2020, 58 Lisgar St.
Springhill, Nova Scotia, Canada B0M 1X0

Emergency

24 hour Emergency Telephone No.

CANUTEC 1-613-996-6666

Customer Service:

Tel: 902-597-3767

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture under US OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 and Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17) (GHS revision 7)

This product is an article (exempt from SDS regulations) and is safe when used as directed. This SDS is not required, but provided for customer satisfaction

Lactation effect;H362

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Skin corrosion/irritation category 2;H315

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 2A;H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

Reproductive toxicity, category 1A;H360

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure category 1;H372

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic toxicity (acute), category 1;H400

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic), category 1;H410

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Label elements



Danger



Safety Data Sheet

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

[Prevention]

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy, while nursing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection.

[Response]

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P314 Get Medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P362+364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.

Does not contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per US or Canadian regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of US OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 and Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17) (GHS revision 7)

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Lead CAS Number: 7439-92-1 Synonyms: Lead Compounds (as Pb)i, Lead Compounds (as Pb)	45 - 70	Reproductive toxicity, category 1A;H360D: C ≥ 0,03 % Aquatic toxicity (chronic), category 1;H410 Aquatic toxicity (acute), category 1;H400 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure category 1;H372 Lactation effect;H362	Acute M-Factor: 10 Chronic M-Factor: 100
Sulfuric acid CAS Number: 7664-93-9 Synonyms: Sulfuric acid (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size), Sulphuric acid	7 - 13	Skin corrosion/irritation category 1A;H314: C ≥ 15 % Skin corrosion/irritation category 2;H315: 5 % ≤ C < 15 % Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 2;H319: 5 % ≤ C < 15 %	-----

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

- General** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Inhalation** Electrolyte (Sulfuric Acid) – Remove to fresh air immediately. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen; consult a doctor.
Lead – remove from exposure, gargle, wash nose and lips; consult a doctor.
- Eyes** Electrolyte (Sulfuric Acid) – Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 20 minutes while lifting lids. Seek immediate medical attention if eyes have been exposed directly to acid.
Lead – Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 20 minutes while lifting lids. Seek immediate medical attention if eyes have been exposed directly to lead.
- Skin** Electrolyte (Sulfuric Acid) – Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse, discard contaminated shoes. Seek medical attention if symptoms/irritation persists.
Lead – Wash immediately with soap and water.
- Ingestion** Electrolyte (Sulfuric Acid) – Give large quantities of water, do NOT induce vomiting or aspiration into the lungs may occur and can cause permanent injury or death; consult doctor.
Lead – Consult doctor immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Overview** **IMMEDIATE CONCERNS:** CAUTION: May cause eye or skin burns. Avoid vapor.
POTENTIAL SIDE EFFECTS
EYES: Tissue destruction and permanent eye damage may occur if not treated



Safety Data Sheet

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

immediately.

SKIN: May be corrosive and cause severe burns.

INGESTION: Corrosive to mucous membranes of the mouth, esophagus, stomach & throat.

INHALATION: Avoid mist, can be a severe irritant.

ACUTE TOXICITY: Eye, skin, lung burning may be caused with exposure to mist. Avoid mist.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: Contains material which may cause damage to gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract. Treat symptomatically. See section 2 for further details.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Causes skin irritation.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Class ABC, CO₂, Halon; do not use CO₂ directly on cells, avoid breathing vapors.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Combustion can produce sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur trioxide, hydrogen sulfide and sulfuric acid mist.

Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

Avoid contact during pregnancy, while nursing.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

Lead/acid batteries do not burn, or burn with difficulty. Do not use water on fires where molten metal is present. Extinguish fire with agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials. Cool exterior of battery if exposed to fire to prevent rupture. The acid mist and vapors generated by heat or fire are corrosive. Use NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective equipment operated in positive-pressure mode. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards Sulfuric acid vapors are generated upon overcharge and polypropylene case failure. Use adequate ventilation. Avoid open flames/sparks/other sources of ignition near battery. Carefully follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Do not allow metallic articles to simultaneously contact the negative and positive terminals of a battery, as a short circuit will cause high current flow; create high heat and the possibility of fire. Use adequate ventilation.

Hazardous Combustion products: During normal operations, small amounts of highly flammable hydrogen gas may be generated during charging and operation of batteries. Avoid open flames/ sparks/other sources of ignition near battery.

ERG Guide No. 154

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Avoid contact with any spilled material. Contain spill, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Limit site access to emergency responders. Neutralize with sodium bicarbonate, soda ash, lime or other neutralizing agent. Place battery in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Sodium bicarbonate, soda ash, sand, lime or other neutralizing agent should be kept on-site for spill remediation.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Precautions During Charging: Use proper voltages during charging (see battery label). Never use a battery that has less than 80% of rated capacity and never “jump start” an aircraft that has a “dead” or discharged battery. Always remove a “dead” battery from the aircraft and perform a capacity test to verify airworthiness. Charge at constant potential (constant voltage) only. For optimum life, battery charge voltage should be adjusted with the battery operating temperature.

Other Precautions: Good personal hygiene and work practices are mandatory. Refrain from eating, drinking or smoking in work areas. Thoroughly wash hands, face, neck and arms before eating, drinking and smoking. Work clothes and equipment should remain in designated lead contaminated areas and never taken home or laundered with personal clothing. Wash soiled clothing work clothes and equipment before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store away from reactive materials, open flames and sources of ignition as defined in Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity Data. Store batteries in a cool, dry, wellventilated areas. Batteries should be stored under roof for protection against adverse weather conditions. Avoid damage to containers. Do not allow the positive and negative terminals to contact each other, a short circuit will cause high current flow, creating high heat and the possibility of a fire.

Incompatible materials: Sparks, open flames, keep battery away from strong oxidizers.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]

Specific end use(s)

No data available.

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
7439-92-1	Lead	ACGIH	0.05 mg/m ³
		OSHA	50 ug/m
		NIOSH	TWA (8-hour) 0.050 mg/m ³
		Alberta	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		British Columbia	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		Manitoba	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		New Brunswick	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		Newfoundland and Labrador	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		Nova Scotia	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		Northwest Territories	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA 0.15 mg/m ³ STEL
		Nunavut	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA 0.15 mg/m ³ STEL
		Ontario	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA (designated substances regulation); 0.05 mg/m ³ TWA (applies to workplaces to which the designated substances regulation does not apply)
		Prince Edward Island	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA
		Quebec	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA EV
		Saskatchewan	0.05 mg/m ³ TWA 0.15 mg/m ³ STEL
Yukon	0.15 mg/m ³ TWA (dust and fume) 0.45 mg/m ³ STEL (dust and fume)		
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	ACGIH	0.2 mg/m ³ (T) Thoracic Fraction
		OSHA	1 mg/m ³
		NIOSH	TWA 1 mg/m ³
		Alberta	1 mg/m ³ TWA 3 mg/m ³ STEL
		British Columbia	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (contained in strong inorganic acid mists, thoracic)
		Manitoba	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		New Brunswick	1 mg/m ³ TWA 3 mg/m ³ STEL
		Newfoundland and Labrador	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		Nova Scotia	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		Northwest Territories	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic fraction, strong acid mists only) 0.6 mg/m ³ STEL (thoracic fraction, strong acid mists only)
		Nunavut	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic fraction) 0.6 mg/m ³ STEL (thoracic fraction)
		Ontario	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic)



Safety Data Sheet

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

	Prince Edward Island	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
	Quebec	1 mg/m ³ TWAEV 3 mg/m ³ STEV
	Saskatchewan	0.2 mg/m ³ TWA (thoracic fraction) 0.6 mg/m ³ STEL (thoracic fraction)
	Yukon	1 mg/m ³ TWA 1 mg/m ³ STEL

Exposure controls

- Respiratory** If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
- Eyes** If battery case is damaged, use chemical splash goggles or face shield.
- Skin** If battery case is damaged, use rubber or plastic acid resistant gloves with elbow length gauntlet, acid-resistant clothing, apron and boots.
- Engineering Controls** Store and handle in a well-ventilated area. If mechanical ventilation is used, components must be acid-resistant. Charge batteries in areas with adequate ventilation. General dilution ventilation is acceptable.
- Other Work Practices** In areas where sulfuric acid solutions are handled in concentrations greater than 1%, and depending on exposure and workplace standards, emergency eyewash stations and showers should be provided, with unlimited water supply. Chemically impervious apron and face shield recommended when adding water or electrolyte to batteries. Wash hands after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid Battery – co-polymer polypropylene, solid; may be contained within an outer casing of aluminum or steel, case has metal terminals.
Color	Lead – grey, metallic, solid; brown/grey oxide Electrolyte – odorless, liquid absorbed in glass mat material.
Odor	No Odor
Melting point / freezing point	> 320°F (polypropylene)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: Not Available Upper Explosive Limit: Not Available
Flash Point	Not Available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition temperature	Not Available
pH	< 2



Safety Data Sheet

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Solubility in Water	100% (electrolyte)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Available
Vapor pressure (Pa)	Not Available
Relative Density	(H2O = 1) 1.250 to 1.320
Vapor Density	(Air = 1) Hydrogen: 0.069 Electrolyte: 3.4 @ STP
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Not Available
VOC Content	Not Available
Reactivity in Water	Electrolyte – water reactive (1)
Other information	
No other relevant information.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with some bases.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid overcharging and smoking or sparks near battery surface; high temperatures – cases decompose at >320°F

Incompatible materials

Sparks, open flames, keep battery away from strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion can produce sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur trioxide, hydrogen sulfide and sulfuric acid mist.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Lead - (7439-92-1)	> 2,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	> 2,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available.	> 5.05, Rat - Category: NA	No data available.
Sulfuric acid - (7664-93-9)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.



Safety Data Sheet

Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
7439-92-1	Lead	IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
		ACGIH	A3
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	IARC	Group 1: Yes; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
		ACGIH	A2 (in strong inorganic acid mists)

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	2A	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	---	Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	1A	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry: No available information

Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: CAUTION: May cause eye or skin burns. Avoid vapor.

POTENTIAL SIDE EFFECTS

EYES: Tissue destruction and permanent eye damage may occur if not treated immediately.

SKIN: May be corrosive and cause severe burns.

INGESTION: Corrosive to mucous membranes of the mouth, esophagus, stomach & throat.

INHALATION: Avoid mist, can be a severe irritant.

ACUTE TOXICITY: Eye, skin, lung burning may be caused with exposure to mist. Avoid mist.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: Contains material which may cause damage to gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract. Treat symptomatically.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Causes skin irritation.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.
 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/L	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/L	ErC50 algae, mg/L
Lead - (7439-92-1)	0.11, Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.60,	0.36, Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata
Sulfuric acid - (7664-93-9)	27.00, Lepomis macrochirus	101.00, Daphnia magna	101.00, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not Available

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

Other adverse effects

No data available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste should not be released to sewers. Observe all federal, state, and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

AGM batteries are valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) batteries – HGL, DC, HGHL and FFD series. VRLA batteries have passed vibration, pressure differential and free flowing acid tests under 49 CFR 173.159a, the vibration and pressure differential test under IATA packing Instruction 872, meet IATA Special provisions A48, A67, A164 & A183, and IMDG Special Provisions 238.1 & 238.2. The batteries are securely packaged, protected from short circuits and labeled “Non-Spillable”. VRLA batteries are exempt from DOT Hazardous Material Regulations, IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and IMDG Code.



Safety Data Sheet Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

DOT:

Exempted from the requirements because batteries have passed the vibration and pressure differential performance tests, and ruptured case test for non-spillable designation.

IMO:

Exempted from the requirements because batteries have passed the vibration and pressure differential performance tests, and ruptured case test for non-spillable designation. And, when packaged for transport, the terminals are protected from short circuit.

IATA:

Exempted from the requirements because batteries have passed the vibration and pressure differential performance tests, and ruptured case test for non-spillable designation.

And when packaged for transport, the terminals are protected from short circuit. The words "Not Restricted" and the Special provision numbers must be included in the description of the substance on the Air Waybill as required by 8.2.6,

when an Air Waybill is issued.

IMDG: Special Provision 238.1 and 238.2

The batteries are exempted from regulation as they have been tested in accordance with the vibration and pressure differential tests and 'rupture test' found in Special Provision 238.1 and 238.2

- batteries and their outer packaging must be plainly and durably marked NON-SPILLABLE BATTERY or NON-SPILLABLE

- batteries must be protected against short circuits and securely packaged in accordance with Special Provision 238.1 and 238.2

IF the regulation listed above are not met then

Not regulated for packages under 5L (1.3 gallons) or 5.0 kg (11 lbs).

Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1-2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)

UN number UN2800
UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, non-spillable, electric storage
Transport hazard class(es) 8
Sub Class: 8
Packing group Not Applicable

TDG (Domestic Surface Transportation)

UN number UN2800
UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, non-spillable, electric storage
Transport hazard class(es) 8
Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group Not Applicable

IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)

UN number UN2800



Safety Data Sheet Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, non-spillable, electric storage
Transport hazard class(es) **IMDG:** 8
Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group Not Applicable

ICAO/IATA

UN number UN2800
UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, non-spillable, electric storage
Transport hazard class(es) **Air Class:** 8
Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group Not Applicable

Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant: Yes; (Lead)

Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

This product has been classified in accordance with US OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 and Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17 amended 2022-12-15) (GHS revision 7) and the SDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

ARSENIC AND SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS, as AS

Calcium

Lead

Sulfuric acid

Tin

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

Sulfuric acid

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

ARSENIC AND SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS,as AS

Lead

Sulfuric acid

Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL):

ARSENIC AND SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS,as AS

Calcium

Lead

Sulfuric acid

Tin

Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

ARSENIC AND SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS, as AS

Lead

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead

Proposition 65 Label Warning:



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [ARSENIC AND SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS, as AS, Lead], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and [Lead], which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Note: Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are listed on the California Proposition 65 Carcinogen List. [Sulfuric acid, in and of itself, is not listed under Proposition 65. However, if one has sulfuric acid, which through its intended use generates an acid mist that in turn contains sulfuric acid that would meet the listing. The term "strong" does not refer to the concentration of the acid, but rather the strength of the acid. The basis for the listing of strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid was the formal identification by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), in its Ninth Report on Carcinogens, that this chemical mixture is "known to be a human carcinogen." (Public notice available at http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/CRNR_notices/admin_listing/intent_to_list/noil19b4.html.)]



Safety Data Sheet Absorbed Electrolyte Battery (AGM)

Revision
Date: 01/20/2025

Section 16. Other information

Revision Date 01/20/2025

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer: The information presented herein is supplied as a guide to those who handles or use this product. Safe work practices must be employed when working with any materials. It is important that the end user makes a determination regarding the adequacy of the safety procedures employed during the use of this product.

Authored by Quantum SDS: www.sdsquantum.com

End of Document